

## 5.—Net Value of Production and Percentage Analysis by Province 1955—concluded

Industry	Quebec		Ontario		Manitoba		Saskatchewan	
	\$'000	p.c.	\$'000	p.c.	\$'000	p.c.	\$'000	p.c.
Agriculture.....	331,794	7.9	526,895	8.1	149,866	25.4	459,758	57.8
Forestry.....	183,859	4.5	114,483	1.8	6,165	1.1	4,166	0.5
Fisheries.....	3,453	0.1	6,783	0.1	3,477	0.6	763	0.1
Trapping.....	1,750	0.1	4,286	0.1	2,970	0.5	3,715	0.5
Mining.....	233,120	5.5	221,263	3.4	22,545	3.8	45,357	5.7
Electric power.....	170,064	4.0	208,649	3.2	24,340	4.1	18,639	2.4
Manufactures.....	2,622,333	62.4	4,426,655	68.3	247,472	41.9	113,599	14.3
Construction.....	653,698	15.5	970,608	15.0	133,644	22.6	149,144	18.7
<b>Totals.....</b>	<b>4,205,071</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>6,479,622</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>590,479</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>795,141</b>	<b>100.0</b>
	Alberta		British Columbia		Yukon and Northwest Territories		Canada	
	\$'000	p.c.	\$'000	p.c.	\$'000	p.c.	\$'000	p.c.
Agriculture.....	322,215	25.3	59,871	3.8	—	—	1,937,170	12.2
Forestry.....	13,163	1.0	264,232	16.7	449	—	664,665	4.2
Fisheries.....	688	0.1	27,711	1.8	742	—	90,891	0.6
Trapping.....	2,078	0.2	774	—	1,410	—	17,424	0.1
Mining.....	303,752	23.8	100,415	6.4	31,098	—	1,061,430	6.7
Electric power.....	28,858	2.3	54,761	3.5	1,462	—	543,305	3.4
Manufactures.....	263,309	20.7	750,877	47.6	1,733	—	8,753,450	55.3
Construction.....	339,113	26.6	319,229	20.2	1	—	2,769,715	17.5
<b>Totals.....</b>	<b>1,273,176</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1,577,870</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>36,894</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>15,838,050</b>	<b>100.0</b>

<sup>1</sup> Construction figures for the Yukon and Northwest Territories are included with British Columbia.

## Section 3.—Per Capita Net Value of Production

Between 1950 and 1955, an advance of 46 p.c. in the net value of commodity production was accomplished with a 14.5-p.c. increase in population and an 8-p.c. increase in the labour force. The national per capita net value of commodity output (exclusive of Newfoundland) increased from \$805 in 1950 to \$1,023 in 1955, a gain of over 27 p.c. Wholesale prices rose by less than 4 p.c. in the same period, indicating a substantial gain in 'real' per capita production.

Per capita net value of output in the Maritime Provinces has always been far below the Canadian average and, at \$519, was just over half that figure in 1955. Quebec's per capita production, which was 11 p.c. below the national average in 1950, stood at 9 p.c. below the average in 1955. On the other hand, per capita output in Ontario, consistently the highest among the provinces, was more than 20 p.c. above the national average in 1955.

Manitoba's production per capita was well below the national average throughout the period and, at \$704, was 31 p.c. below this figure in 1955. The figure for Saskatchewan, which fluctuates very widely with crop conditions, was 11 p.c. below the Canadian average in 1955, after rising 18 p.c. above it three years earlier in 1952. Alberta has been well above the Canadian average in this respect in recent years. It exceeded that average by 14 p.c. in 1955 and ranked third in per capita production. British Columbia with its diversified economy always ranks high in per capita output, and in 1955 stood second among the provinces, 15 p.c. above the national figure.